

x950 Series

Expandable 10G/40G/100G stackable L3+ switches

Allied Telesis x950 Series switches are ideal for the modern enterprise network core, where stacking creates a resilient local or distributed solution. These powerful switches support 100 Gigabit connectivity, and provide the capacity that today's Smart City and IoT networks need.





x950 Series switches feature a highperforming 1.92 Terabit fabric, to eliminate bottlenecks and effortlessly forward all traffic.

x950 switches feature either 24 x 1/10 Gigabit SFP+ ports or 24 x 1/2.5/5/10 Gigabit copper ports to enable flexible deployment, while 4 x built-in 40G/100G ports provide high-speed backbone connectivity. With an expansion (XEM) bay, plus the ability to stack multiple units, extra capacity can be seamlessly added for a future-proof network.

Smart City and IoT networks

Large switching and routing tables support Smart City networks and the Internet of Things (IoT). The x950 Series meets the increasing demand for the convergence of multiple services.

Network automation

Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ (AMF) meets the increasing management requirements of modern converged networks, by automating many everyday tasks. AMF has powerful features that allow an entire network to be easily managed as a single virtual device.

Vista Manager™ EX is an intuitive graphical tool for monitoring and managing AMF wired and Autonomous Wave Control (AWC) wireless devices. Full visibility and powerful features enable proactive management of large networks.

Device and network management

The Device GUI on the x950 Series enables graphical monitoring of key switch features to support easy management.

Integrated into the Device GUI, Vista Manager mini supports visibility and management of AMF wired and AWC wireless network devices, making it ideal as a one-stop solution for small to medium-sized networks.

AWC is an intelligent, easy to use Wireless LAN controller that

automatically maintains optimal wireless coverage. Vista Manager mini includes AWC floor and heat maps showing wireless coverage. It also supports AWC Channel Blanket hybrid operation, providing maximum performance and seamless roaming.

Secure

The x950 Series is packed with advanced security features to protect the network—from the edge to the core. This includes powerful control over network traffic types and protection against attacks.

AMF enables secure management without additional complexity.

Resilient

The convergence of network services has led to increasing demand for highly-available networks with minimal downtime. Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack™), in conjunction with link aggregation, provides a network with no single point of failure, and a resilient solution for high-availability applications. The x950 Series can form a VCStack of up to eight units, at any port speed, for enhanced resiliency and simplified management. With VCStack over Long Distance (VCStack LD), stacks can also be created over long distance fiber links, making it the perfect choice for distributed environments too.

Allied Telesis Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™) and the standards-based G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection, ensure that distributed network segments have high-speed, resilient access to online resources and applications.

Reliable

Designed with reliability in mind, the x950 Series guarantees the continual delivery of essential services. Hot-swappable components, such as XEMs, fans and load-sharing power supplies, pair with near-hitless online stack reconfiguration to ensure that

Key Features

- ▶ High capacity, with 4 x QSFP+/ QSFP28 slots supporting 40G or 100G connectivity
- ▶ 10G, 40G, 100G XEMs
- ► Multi-speed (1/2.5/5/10G) XEMs
- ► Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework[™] (AMF)
- ► Large switching and routing tables support Smart City and IoT networks
- VCStack[™] 8 units at any port speed with flexi-stacking
- VCStack LD for long distance stacking
- ► EPSRingTM and G.8032 ERPS for resilient rings
- ► Active Fiber Monitoring (AFM) for fiber data and stacking links
- Device GUI for web-based management
- Media Access Control Security (MACSec)
- ▶ Modbus support
- ► AT-Vista Manager mini enables:
 - Wired and wireless network visibility
 - AWC wireless network management
 - ► AWC-Channel Blanket hybrid wireless

maintenance doesn't affect network uptime.

Environmentally friendly

The x950 Series supports Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE), automatically reducing the power consumed by the switch whenever there is no traffic on a port, reducing operating costs.

Key Features

Vista Manager mini

▶ Integrated into the Device GUI, Vista Manager mini provides full network visibility of AMF and AWC devices. Support optimal wireless performance from AWC hybrid operation with maximum throughout and a seamless Wi-Fi user experience.

Autonomous Management Framework™ (AMF)

- ▶ AMF is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Common tasks are automated or made so simple that the everyday running of a network can be achieved without the need for highly-trained, and expensive, network engineers. Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.
- ➤ The x950 Series can operate as the AMF network master, storing firmware and configuration backups for all other network nodes. The AMF master enables auto-provisioning and auto-upgrade by providing appropriate files to new network members.
- ▶ AMF Guestnode allows Allied Telesis wireless access points and further switching products, as well as third party devices such as IP phones and security cameras, to be part of an AMF network.
- The x950 Series provide a single-pane-of-glass interface to the entire network. Administrators can view the AMF topology map using the intuitive Device GUI.

AWC Wireless Management

- Optimize wireless network performance with the Autonomous Wave Controller (AWC), built-in to the x950 Series. AWC analyzes wireless traffic patterns and automatically reconfigures access points to meet demand.
- Wireless network operation in multi-channel, single-channel (Channel Blanket), and hybrid (multichannel and Channel Blanket) modes, supports maximum data throughput and seamless roaming for the most flexible wireless solution available.

Large Network Tables

High-capacity 1.92 Terabit fabric and 1,190Mpps packet forwarding provide powerful data transfer capability, supporting large campus networks as well as Smart City and IoT solutions. Large MAC and IP host tables are ready for the increasing number of connected devices found in modern enterprise and city-wide networks.

Multi-Speed Ports

Copper ports on the x950-28XTQm, XEM2-12XTm and XEM2-8XSTm expansion modules support 2.5 and 5 Gigabit connectivity to enable high-speed wireless, or maximum downlink speed using legacy Cat5E/6 cabling.

VCStack™

Create a VCStack of up to eight units at any port speed. Stacking links are connected in a ring so each device has dual connections to further improve resiliency. VCStack provides a highly available system where network resources are spread out across stacked units, reducing the impact if one of the units fails. Aggregating switch ports on different units across the stack provides excellent network resiliency.

VCStack LD

► Long-distance stacking allows a VCStack to be created over fiber links to span longer distances, perfect for a distributed network environment.

EPSRing™

- EPSRing allows several switches to form protected rings with 50ms failover—perfect for high performance at the core of Enterprise or Provider Access networks.
- SuperLoop Protection enables a link between two EPSR nodes to be in separate EPSR domains, improving redundancy and network fault resiliency.

G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection

- G.8032 provides standards-based high-speed ring protection, that can be deployed stand-alone, or interoperate with Allied Telesis EPSR.
- Ethernet Connectivity Fault Monitoring (CFM) proactively monitors links and VLANs, and provides alerts when a fault is detected.

Premium Software License

▶ By default, the x950 Series offers a comprehensive Layer 2 and standard Layer 3 feature set. The feature set can easily be elevated to full Layer 3 by applying the premium software license. This adds increased dynamic routing protocols and Layer 3 multicasting capabilities.

Active Fiber Monitoring (AFM)

▶ AFM prevents eavesdropping on fiber communications by monitoring received optical power. If an intrusion is detected, the link can be automatically shut down, or an operator alert can be sent. Active Fiber Monitoring is supported on fiber data and fiber stacking links.

Quality of Service (QoS)

➤ Comprehensive low-latency wire-speed QoS provides flow-based traffic management with full classification, prioritization, traffic shaping and min/max bandwidth profiles. Enjoy boosted network performance and guaranteed delivery of business-critical Ethernet services and applications.

Time-critical services like voice and video applications take precedence over non-essential services like file downloads, maintaining responsiveness of Enterprise applications.

sFlow

sFlow is an industry standard technology for monitoring high speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defence against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector ensure it always has a real-time view of network traffic.

Software-Defined Networking (SDN)

 OpenFlow is a key technology that enables the use of SDN to build smart applications that unlock value and reduce cost.

AMF Application Proxy

► Allied Telesis SES (Secure Enterprise SDN) solution enables internal LAN threat detection and automatic end-point isolation to protect the

network. The AMF Application Proxy enables the SES controller to communicate with the AMF master when a threat is detected, so the AMF master can take action to block the threat at source by quarantining the infected end-point.

TACACS+ Command Authorization

Centralize control of which commands may be issued by a specific user of an AlliedWare Plus device. TACACS+ command authorization complements authentication and accounting services for a complete AAA solution.

UniDirectional Link Detection

UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD) is useful for monitoring fiber-optic links between two switches that use two single-direction fibers to transmit and receive packets. UDLD prevents traffic from being sent across a bad link by blocking the ports at both ends of the link in the event that either the individual transmitter or receiver for that connection fails.

Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF Lite)

➤ VRF Lite provides Layer 3 network virtualization by dividing a single switch into multiple independent virtual routing domains. With independent routing domains, IP addresses can overlap without causing conflict, allowing multiple customers to have their own secure virtual network within the same physical infrastructure.

VLAN ACLs

 Simplify access and traffic control across entire segments of the network. Access Control Lists (ACLs) can be applied to a Virtual LAN (VLAN) as well as a specific port.

VLAN Translation

- VLAN Translation allows traffic arriving on a VLAN to be mapped to a different VLAN on the outgoing paired interface.
- ▶ In Metro networks, it is common for a network Service Provider (SP) to give each customer their own unique VLAN, yet at the customer location give all customers the same VLAN-ID for tagged packets to use on the wire. SPs can use VLAN Translation to change the tagged packet's VLAN-ID at the customer location to the VLAN-ID for tagged packets to use within the SP's network.
- ➤ This feature is also useful in Enterprise environments where it can be used to merge two networks together, without manually reconfiguring the VLAN numbering scheme. This situation can occur if two companies have merged and the same VLAN-ID is used for two different purposes.

Modbus

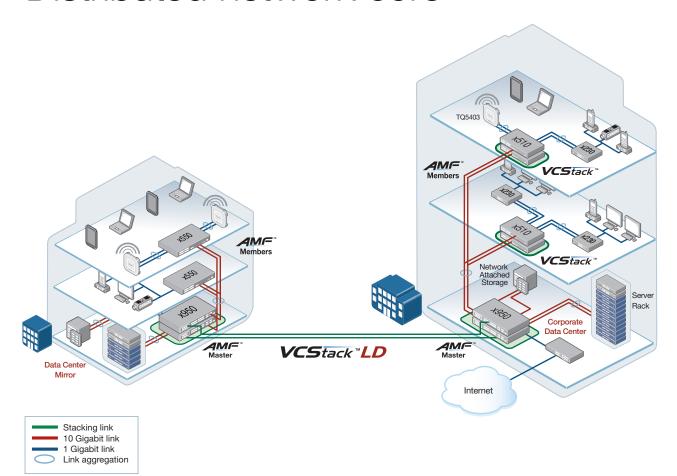
Modbus enables communication with Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) systems for industrial automation.

Media Access Control Security (MACSec)

802.1AE MACSec secures all traffic on point-topoint Ethernet links between directly connected nodes, ensuring protection against security threats such as denial of service, intrusion, man-in-themiddle, passive wiretapping, and playback attacks.

Key Solutions

Distributed network core



Today's corporate network users demand a high-performing enterprise network that can seamlessly carry multiple converged services, and provide instant access to online resources and applications. This key solution uses the x950 Series and VCStack LD—ideal for a distributed business network core that provides high availability, increased capacity and ease of management.

Using VCStack at the core of the network allows multiple switches to appear as a single virtual chassis, simplifying management. In normal operation, the full bandwidth of the network is used, and with two x950 switches in each location, there is both device and path resiliency. The x950 series stacks up to eight units at any port speed for flexible deployment—supporting up to four locations with

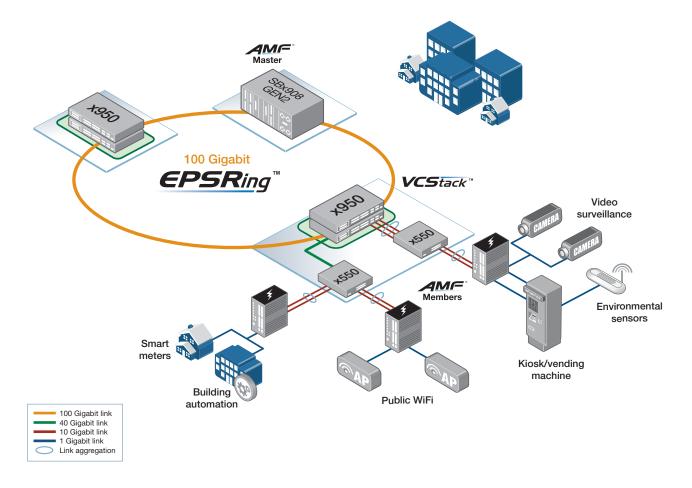
complete resiliency, or up to eight locations with a single switch each.

This powerful solution easily supports all online services, while mirroring of the corporate data center enables automated disaster recovery, to ensure always-available access to digital resources.

AMF allows the entire network to be unified for ease of management. The x950 VCStack acts as the AMF Master, automatically backing up the entire network, and enabling plug-and-play networking with zero-touch expansion and recovery.

Key Solutions

Smart city network



All over the world, Smart Cities are looking to increase information availability, security and transport efficiency, whilst reducing pollution and waste. Access to real-time data from a variety of sources gives cities the ability to enhance the quality of their urban services, and increase citizen safety.

In this key solution, x950 Series switches, together with the Allied Telesis SwitchBlade x908 Gen2, create the ideal distributed core solution for Smart City and IoT networks. Large switching and routing tables support the many devices that make up modern metropolitan networks, including video surveillance cameras, environmental sensors, information kiosks, public Wi-Fi, building automation and many more.

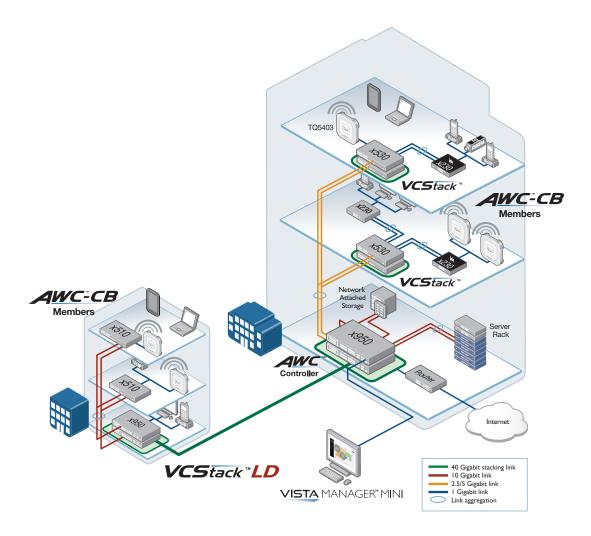
In this Smart City solution, the flexible x950 Series provides 10G, 40G and 100G connectivity. Allied Telesis EPSR creates a high-speed resilient metro ring running at 100Gbps for maximum performance, and extremely fast failover between nodes. EPSR enables rings to recover within as little as 50ms, preventing a node or link failure from impacting the delivery of converged data and video traffic.

AMF automates many day-to-day tasks, backs up the entire network, and provides the ability to configure many or all devices city-wide—with a single command.

The x950 Series and Allied Telesis advanced features enable network managers to deliver leading Smart City services.

Key Solutions

Integrated wireless LAN management



Allied Telesis Autonomous Wave Control (AWC) offers solutions for two of the most common problems with Wireless LANs: initial setup complexity, and on-going performance degradation. Initial WLAN set-up usually requires a site survey to achieve the best coverage, and performance of WLANs can often change over time as external sources of radio interference reduce coverage and bandwidth. These issues can be time-consuming to identify and resolve.

AWC features an intelligent process that automatically recalibrates the signal strength and radio channel of each Access Point (AP) for optimal WLAN performance. AWC Channel Blanket enables seamless roaming with reliable connection for dynamic environments.

Vista Manager mini is integrated into the Device GUI of the x950 Series and provides an ideal solution for modern enterprise networks, enabling management of both the wired (with AMF) and wireless (with AWC) networks to be automated. This reduces both the time and cost of network administration, as well as maximizing network performance for a superior user experience.

Up to five TQ Series wireless APs can be managed for free, and up to a further 180 APs (max 185) with feature licenses, are available separately.

On some AP models, hybrid channel blanket enables multichannel and single-channel WiFi operation simultaneously. This supports seamless roaming and maximum throughput. Channel Blanket licenses are available for up to 180 APs.

Specifications

| PRODUCT | 1/2.5/5/10G (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS | 1/10 GIGABIT SFP+ PORTS | | XEM BAY | SWITCHING Fabric | FORWARDING RATE |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|----|------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| x950-28XSQ | | 24 | 4* | 1 | 1.92Tbps | 1190Mpps |
| x950-28XTQm | 24 | | 4* | 1 | 1.92Tbps | 1190Mpps |

*Can also support up to 16 10G ports (using 4 x 10G breakout cables)

Performance

- Extensive wirespeed traffic classification for ACLs and QoS
- ➤ Supports 10KB Jumbo frame size for data center and server aggregation applications
- ▶ Wirespeed multicasting
- ▶ 96K MAC address entries
- ▶ Up to 96K host entries
- ▶ Up to 8K multicast entries
- ► Up to 128 Link Aggregation Groups (LAGS) any combination of static and dynamic (LACP)
- ▶ 4K VLANs (VCStack of up to 4 units)
- ▶ 2K VLANs (VCStack of 5-8 units)
- ▶ 4GB DDR SDRAM
- ▶ 16MB packet buffer memory
- ▶ 4GB Flash Memory

Reliability

- ▶ Modular AlliedWare Plus operating system
- ▶ Dual hot swappable PSUs with 1 + 1 redundancy
- ▶ Dual feed support: a separate power circuit can feed each power supply providing extra reliability
- ► Hot-swappable expansion module (XEM)
- ► Hot-swappable fan modules
- Full environmental monitoring of PSUs, fans, temperature and internal voltages, with SNMP traps to alert network managers in case of any failure

Expandability

- Support for 4 x 40G or 100G connections built in, and an expansion bay to add further switching capacity
- ▶ Versatile licensing options for additional features

Power Characteristics

- ► AC Voltage: 100 to 240V (+/-10% auto ranging)
- ► Frequency: 47 to 63Hz

Diagnostic Tools

- Active Fiber Monitoring detects tampering on optical links
- ▶ Built-In Self Test (BIST)
- ► Cable fault locator (TDR)
- ► Find-me device locator
- ► Hardware health monitoring
- ► Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown
- ► Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM)
- ▶ Ping polling for IPv4 and IPv6
- Port mirroring
- ► TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6
- ► Uni-Directional Link Detection (UDLD)

IPv4 Features

- ► Black hole routing
- ► Directed broadcast forwarding
- ▶ DNS relay
- ► Equal Cost Multi Path (ECMP) routing

- ▶ Policy-based routing
- Route maps
- ► Route redistribution (OSPF, BGP, RIP)
- ▶ Static unicast and multicast routing for IPv4
- ▶ UDP broadcast helper (IP helper)
- ► Up to 64 Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF lite) domains (with license)

IPv6 Features

- ► DHCPv6 client and relay
- ► DNSv6 client and relay
- ► IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack
- ▶ IPv6 hardware ACLs
- ► Device management over IPv6 networks with SNMPv6, Telnetv6 and SSHv6
- NTPv6 client and server
- ► Static unicast and multicast routing for IPv6
- ► Log to IPv6 hosts with Syslog v6

Management

- ➤ 7-segment LED provides at-a-glance status and fault information
- Autonomous Management Framework (AMF) enables powerful centralized management and zero-touch device installation and recovery
- ▶ Try AMF for free with the built-in Starter license
- Console management port on the front panel for ease of access
- ► Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power
- ► Web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- ► Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help
- Out-of-band 10/100/1000T Ethernet management port
- ► Powerful CLI scripting engine
- Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standardsbased device management
- ► Built-in text editor
- ► Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events
- USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices

Quality of Service

- 8 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port
- Bandwidth limiting (virtual bandwidth)
 Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps
- Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications
- ▶ IPv6 QoS support and IPv6-aware storm protection
- ► Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers
- ► Policy-based storm protection

- Extensive remarking capabilities and taildrop for queue congestion control
- Queue scheduling options for strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling
- ▶ IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on layer 2, 3 and 4 headers

Resiliency Features

- Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic
- Dynamic link failover (host attach)
- ► Ethernet Protection Switched Rings (EPSR) with SuperLoop Protection (SLP) and EPSR enhanced recovery for extra resiliency
- ► Flexi-stacking allows the use of any port speed to stack
- ► Long-distance VCStack over fiber (VCStack LD)
- ▶ Loop protection: loop detection and thrash limiting
- ▶ PVST+ compatibility mode
- ► STP root guard
- ► VCStack fast failover minimizes network disruption

Security

- Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and 4 headers
- ► Configurable ACLs for management traffic
- ► Auth fail and guest VLANs
- ► Authentication, Authorisation and Accounting (AAA)
- Bootloader can be password protected for device security
- ▶ BPDU protection
- ► DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)
- ► Dynamic VLAN assignment
- ► MAC address filtering and MAC address lock-down
- ► Media Access Control Security (MACSec)
- Network Access Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security
- ► Port-based learn limits (intrusion detection)
- ► Private VLANs provide security and port isolation for multiple customers using the same VLAN
- ► Secure Copy (SCP)
- ► Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) client
- ► Strong password security and encryption
- ► TACACS+ command authorisation
- ► Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and IFFF 802 1x
- ► Web-based authentication
- ► RADIUS group selection per VLAN or port
- ► RADIUS Proxv

Software-Defined Networking (SDN)

 OpenFlow v1.3 with support for encryption, connection interruption and inactivity probe

Environmental Specifications

- ➤ Operating temperature range: 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F) 0°C to 45°C (32°F to 113°F) if using 100G QSFP28 modules Derated by 1°C per 305 meters (1,000 ft)
- ➤ Storage temperature range: -25°C to 70°C (-13°F to 158°F)
- Operating relative humidity range: 5% to 90% non-condensing
- Storage relative humidity range: 5% to 95% non-condensing

Operating altitude: 3,050 meters maximum (10,000 ft)

Electrical Approvals and Compliances

- ► EMC: EN55032 class A, FCC class A, VCCI class A
- ► Immunity: EN55024, EN61000-3-levels 2 (Harmonics), and 3 (Flicker)

Safety

- ► Standards: UL60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-03, EN60950-1, EN60825-1, AS/NZS 60950
- ► Certification: UL. cUL. TUV

Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Compliance

- ▶ EU RoHS compliant
- ► China RoHS compliant

Physical Specifications

| PRODUCT | WIDTH X DEPTH X HEIGHT | MOUNTING | WEIGHT | | |
|-------------|--|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| Phoboti | WIDTH A DEPTH A REIGHT | WOONTING | UNPACKAGED | PACKAGED | |
| x950-28XSQ | 440 x 445 x 44 mm (17.32 x 17.52 x 1.73 in) | Rack-mount 1 RU | 7.2 kg (15.9 lb) | 9.2 kg (20.3 lb) | |
| x950-28XTQm | 440 x 445 x 44 mm (17.32 x 17.52 x 1.73 in) | Rack-mount 1 RU | 7.3 kg (16.1 lb) | 9.3 kg (20.5 lb) | |
| PWR600 | 51 x 245 x 40 mm (2.0 x 9.6 x 1.6 in) | N/A | 0.68 kg (1.50 lb) | 0.68 kg (1.50 lb) | |
| FAN05 | 153 x 100 x 43 mm (6.02 x 3.94 x 1.69 in) | N/A | 0.34 kg (0.75 lb) | 0.34 kg (0.75 lb) | |
| XEM2-8XSTm | 130 x 166 x 40 mm (5.11 x 6.53 x 1.57 in) | N/A | 0.70 kg (1.54 lb) | 1.7 kg (3.75 lb) | |
| XEM2-12XTm | 130 x 166 x 40 mm (5.11 x 6.53 x 1.57 in) | N/A | 0.75 kg (1.65 lb) | 1.8 kg (3.97 lb) | |
| XEM2-12XT | 130 x 166 x 40 mm (5.11 x 6.53 x 1.57 in) | N/A | 0.75 kg (1.65 lb) | 1.8 kg (3.97 lb) | |
| XEM2-12XS | 130 x 166 x 40 mm (5.11 x 6.53 x 1.57 in) | N/A | 0.75 kg (1.65 lb) | 1.8 kg (3.97 lb) | |
| XEM2-4QS | 130 x 166 x 40 mm (5.11 x 6.53 x 1.57 in) | N/A | 0.66 kg (1.45 lb) | 1.7 kg (3.75 lb) | |
| XEM2-1CQ | 130 x 166 x 40 mm (5.11 x 6.53 x 1.57 in) | N/A | 0.62 kg (1.37 lb) | 1.6 kg (3.53 lb) | |

Power, Heat, Noise (with two PSUs installed)

| PRODUCT | MAX POWER CONSUMPTION | MAX HEAT DISSIPATION | NOISE |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| x950-28XSQ | 231.2W | 789.0 BTU/h | 63.4 dBA |
| x950-28XSQ + XEM2-8XSTm | 250.3W | 854.0 BTU/h | 63.4 dBA |
| x950-28XSQ + XEM2-12XTm | 261.6W | 892.8 BTU/h | 63.4 dBA |
| x950-28XSQ + XEM2-12XT | 271.9W | 927.7 BTU/h | 63.4 dBA |
| x950-28XSQ + XEM2-12XS | 262.3W | 895.1 BTU/h | 63.4 dBA |
| x950-28XSQ + XEM2-4QS | 248.0W | 846.4 BTU/h | 63.4 dBA |
| x950-28XSQ + XEM2-1CQ | 238.1W | 812.8 BTU/h | 63.4 dBA |
| x950-28XTQm | 255.3W | 871.1 BTU/h | 61.9 dBA |
| x950-28XTQm + XEM2-8XSTm | 273.9W | 934.7 BTU/h | 61.9 dBA |
| x950-28XTQm + XEM2-12XTm | 284.6W | 971.3 BTU/h | 61.9 dBA |
| x950-28XTQm + XEM2-12XT | 295.8W | 1009.5 BTU/h | 61.9 dBA |
| x950-28XTQm + XEM2-12XS | 286.2W | 976.6 BTU/h | 61.9 dBA |
| x950-28XTQm + XEM2-4QS | 271.7W | 927.1 BTU/h | 61.9 dBA |
| x950-28XTQm + XEM2-1CQ | 261.7W | 893.2 BTU/h | 61.9 dBA |

Standards and Protocols

AlliedWare Plus Operating System

Version 5.4.9-2.3

Authentication

RFC 1321 MD5 Message-Digest algorithm RFC 1828 IP authentication using keyed MD5

Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)

BGP dynamic capability

BGP outbound route filtering

RFC 1772 Application of the Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) in the Internet RFC 1997 BGP communities attribute

RFC 2385 Protection of BGP sessions via the TCP MD5 signature option RFC 2439

BGP route flap damping RFC 2545

Use of BGP-4 multiprotocol extensions for IPv6 inter-domain routing

RFC 2858 Multiprotocol extensions for BGP-4 RFC 2918 Route refresh capability for BGP-4 Capabilities advertisement with BGP-4 RFC 3392 Configuring BGP to block Denial-of-Service RFC 3882

(DoS) attacks RFC 4271 Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4) RFC 4360 BGP extended communities

BGP route reflection - an alternative to full RFC 4456 mesh iBGP

RFC 4724 BGP graceful restart

RFC 4893 BGP support for four-octet AS number space Autonomous system confederations for BGP RFC 5065

Cryptographic Algorithms FIPS Approved Algorithms

Encryption (Block Ciphers):

- ► AES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)
- ▶ 3DES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)

Block Cipher Modes:

- ► CCM ► CMAC
- ► GCM
- ► XTS

Digital Signatures & Asymmetric Key Generation:

- ▶ DSA
- ► ECDSA
- ► RSA

Secure Hashing:

- ► SHA-1
- SHA-2 (SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384. SHA-512) Message Authentication:
- ► HMAC (SHA-1, SHA-2(224, 256, 384, 512)

Random Number Generation:

DRBG (Hash, HMAC and Counter)

Non FIPS Approved Algorithms

RNG (AES128/192/256) DES

MD5

Ethernet Standards

IEEE 802.1AE Media Access Control Security (MACSec)

IEEE 802.2 Logical Link Control (LLC)

IEEE 802.3 Ethernet

IEEE 802.3ab1000BASE-T IEEE 802.3ae10 Gigabit Ethernet

IEEE 802.3an10GBASE-T

IEEE 802.3azEnergy Efficient Ethernet (EEE)

IEEE 802.3ba40GBASE-X

IEEE 802.3bj 100GBASE-X

IEEE 802.3bz2.5GBASE-T and 5GBASE-T

IEEE 802.3x Flow control - full-duplex operation

IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X

Latency (microseconds)

| PRODUCT | LATENCY |
|-------------|---------|
| x950-28XSQ | 0.8 μs |
| x950-28XTQm | 2.3 μs |
| XEM2-8XSTm | 2.2 μs |
| XEM2-12XTm | 2.4 μs |
| XEM2-12XT | 2.4 μs |
| XEM2-12XS | 1.9 μs |
| XEM2-4QS | 0.7 μs |
| XEM2-1CQ | 0.7 μs |

| IPv4 Fea | atures |
|----------|--|
| RFC 768 | User Datagram Protocol (UDP) |
| RFC 791 | Internet Protocol (IP) |
| RFC 792 | Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) |
| RFC 793 | Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) |
| RFC 826 | Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) |
| RFC 894 | Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams |
| | over Ethernet networks |
| RFC 919 | Broadcasting Internet datagrams |
| RFC 922 | Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the |
| | presence of subnets |
| RFC 932 | Subnetwork addressing scheme |
| RFC 950 | Internet standard subnetting procedure |
| RFC 951 | Bootstrap Protocol (BootP) |
| RFC 1027 | Proxy ARP |
| RFC 1035 | DNS client |
| RFC 1042 | Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams |
| | over IEEE 802 networks |
| RFC 1071 | Computing the Internet checksum |
| RFC 1122 | Internet host requirements |
| RFC 1191 | Path MTU discovery |
| RFC 1256 | ICMP router discovery messages |
| RFC 1518 | An architecture for IP address allocation with |
| | CIDR |
| RFC 1519 | Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) |
| RFC 1542 | Clarifications and extensions for BootP |

| RFC 1591 | Domain Name System (DNS) | RFC 4022 | MIB for the Transmission Control Protocol | IEEE 802.1s | Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP) |
|----------------------|---|----------------------|--|----------------------|---|
| RFC 1812 | Requirements for IPv4 routers | | (TCP) | | v Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) |
| RFC 1918 | IP addressing | RFC 4113 | MIB for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP) | | adStatic and dynamic link aggregation |
| RFC 2581 | TCP congestion control | RFC 4188 | Definitions of managed objects for bridges | RFC 5798 | Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 |
| IDvc E | -t | RFC 4292 | IP forwarding table MIB | | (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6 |
| IPv6 Fea | | RFC 4293 | MIB for the Internet Protocol (IP) | | |
| RFC 1981 | Path MTU discovery for IPv6 | RFC 4318 | Definitions of managed objects for bridges | • | Information Protocol (RIP) |
| RFC 2460 RFC 2464 | IPv6 specification Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet | RFC 4560 | with RSTP Definitions of managed objects for remote ping, | RFC 1058 | Routing Information Protocol (RIP) |
| RFU 2404 | networks | RFC 4360 | traceroute and lookup operations | RFC 2080 | RIPng for IPv6 |
| RFC 2711 | IPv6 router alert option | RFC 6527 | Definitions of managed objects for VRRPv3 | RFC 2081 | RIPng protocol applicability statement RIP-2 MD5 authentication |
| RFC 3484 | Default address selection for IPv6 | 111 0 0027 | Dominions of managed objects for viril vo | RFC 2082 RFC 2453 | RIP-2 MD5 authentication RIPv2 |
| RFC 3587 | IPv6 global unicast address format | Multica | st Support | RFU 2403 | KIPV2 |
| RFC 3596 | DNS extensions to support IPv6 | | outer (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM | Socurity | / Features |
| RFC 4007 | IPv6 scoped address architecture | IGMP query | , | SSH remote | |
| RFC 4193 | Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses | IGMP snoop | oing (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) | SSLv2 and S | • |
| RFC 4213 | Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and | IGMP snoop | ping fast-leave | | ccounting and authentication (AAA) |
| | routers | IGMP/MLD | multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) | | authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP |
| RFC 4291 | IPv6 addressing architecture | | ing (MLDv1 and v2) | | and MD5) |
| RFC 4443 | Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) | PIM for IPv | | IEEE 802.1X | multi-supplicant authentication |
| RFC 4861 | Neighbor discovery for IPv6 | PIM SSM fo | | IEEE 802.1X | port-based network access control |
| RFC 4862 | IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration | RFC 1112 | Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1) | RFC 2818 | HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") |
| DE0 5044 | (SLAAC) | RFC 2236 | Internet Group Management Protocol v2 | RFC 2865 | RADIUS authentication |
| RFC 5014 | IPv6 socket API for source address selection | DEO 0710 | (IGMPv2) | RFC 2866 | RADIUS accounting |
| RFC 5095 RFC 5175 | Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option | RFC 2710 RFC 2715 | Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 Interoperability rules for multicast routing | RFC 2868 | RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support |
| RFC 6105 | IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) mags option IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) quard | RFU 27 15 | protocols | RFC 3280 | Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate |
| 111 0 0 103 | ii vo noutei Auvertisement (NA) guaru | RFC 3306 | Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses | DE0 05 15 | Revocation List (CRL) profile |
| Manage | ement | RFC 3376 | IGMPv3 | RFC 3546 | Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions |
| • | nd SNMP traps | RFC 3810 | Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for | RFC 3579 | RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) |
| AT Enterpris | | | IPv6 | RFC 3580 | IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines |
| Optical DDN | | RFC 3956 | Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP) address | RFC 3748 | PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) |
| SNMPv1, v2 | | | in an IPv6 multicast address | RFC 4251 | Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture |
| IEEE 802.1A | B Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) | RFC 3973 | PIM Dense Mode (DM) | RFC 4252 | Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol |
| RFC 1155 | Structure and identification of management | RFC 4541 | IGMP and MLD snooping switches | RFC 4253 | Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol |
| | information for TCP/IP-based Internets | RFC 4601 | Protocol Independent Multicast - Sparse Mode | RFC 4254 | Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol |
| RFC 1157 | Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) | | (PIM-SM): protocol specification (revised) | RFC 5246 | TLS v1.2 |
| RFC 1212 | Concise MIB definitions | RFC 4604 | Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-specific | | |
| RFC 1213 | MIB for network management of TCP/IP-based | DEC 4607 | multicast | Service | s |
| DEC 1015 | Internets: MIB-II | RFC 4607 | Source-specific multicast for IP | RFC 854 | Telnet protocol specification |
| RFC 1215 | Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP | Onen S | hortest Path First (OSPF) | RFC 855 | Telnet option specifications |
| RFC 1227 | SNMP MUX protocol and MIB | • | ocal signaling | RFC 857 | Telnet echo option |
| RFC 1239 | Standard MIB | | authentication | RFC 858 RFC 1091 | Telnet suppress go ahead option |
| RFC 1724 | RIPv2 MIB extension | | LSDB resync | RFC 1350 | Telnet terminal-type option Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) |
| RFC 2578 | Structure of Management Information v2 | RFC 1245 | OSPF protocol analysis | RFC 1985 | SMTP service extension |
| | (SMIv2) | RFC 1246 | Experience with the OSPF protocol | RFC 2049 | MIME |
| RFC 2579 | Textual conventions for SMIv2 | RFC 1370 | Applicability statement for OSPF | RFC 2131 | DHCPv4 (server, relay and client) |
| RFC 2580 | Conformance statements for SMIv2 | RFC 1765 | OSPF database overflow | RFC 2132 | DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions |
| RFC 2674 | Definitions of managed objects for bridges | RFC 2328 | OSPFv2 | RFC 2616 | Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1 |
| | with traffic classes, multicast filtering and | RFC 2370 | OSPF opaque LSA option | RFC 2821 | Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) |
| DE0 0=:: | VLAN extensions | RFC 2740 | OSPENIA CA State base (NISSA) antica | RFC 2822 | Internet message format |
| RFC 2741 | Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol | RFC 3101 | OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option | RFC 3046 | DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP |
| RFC 2787 RFC 2819 | Definitions of managed objects for VRRP RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9) | RFC 3509 | Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers | DEC | option 82) |
| RFC 2863 | Interfaces group MIB | RFC 3623 | Graceful OSPF restart | RFC 3315 | DHCPv6 (server, relay and client) |
| RFC 3164 | Syslog protocol | RFC 3630 | Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF | RFC 3633 | IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6 |
| RFC 3176 | sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in | RFC 4552 | Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3 | RFC 3646 RFC 3993 | DNS configuration options for DHCPv6 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent |
| | switched and routed networks | RFC 5329 | Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3 | NFO 3993 | option |
| RFC 3411 | An architecture for describing SNMP | RFC 5340 | OSPFv3 for IPv6 (partial support) | RFC 4330 | Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4 |
| | management frameworks | | | RFC 5905 | Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4 |
| RFC 3412 | Message processing and dispatching for the | Quality | of Service (QoS) | | (, |
| | SNMP | IEEE 802.1 | Priority tagging | VLAN S | upport |
| RFC 3413 | SNMP applications | RFC 2211 | Specification of the controlled-load network | | N Registration Protocol (GVRP) |
| RFC 3414 | User-based Security Model (USM) for SNMPv3 | | element service | | d Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q) |
| RFC 3415 | View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for | RFC 2474 | DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port | | Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges |
| DEC 0.440 | SNMP | RFC 2475 | DiffServ architecture | IEEE 802.1v | VLAN classification by protocol and port |
| RFC 3416 | Version 2 of the protocol operations for the | RFC 2597 | DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF) | IEEE 802.3a | acVLAN tagging |
| RFC 3417 | SNMP Transport mappings for the SNMP | RFC 2697 | A single-rate three-color marker | | |
| RFC 3417 | MIB for SNMP | RFC 2698 | A two-rate three-color marker DiffSery Expedited Forwarding (FE) | | ver IP (VoIP) |
| RFC 3621 | Power over Ethernet (PoE) MIB | RFC 3246 | DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF) | | ANSI/TIA-1057 |
| RFC 3635 | Definitions of managed objects for the | Recilion | ncy Features | Voice VLAN | |
| | Ethernet-like interface types | | AXLink aggregation (static and LACP) | | |
| RFC 3636 | IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB | | MAC bridges | | |
| | | | 9 | | |

Feature Licenses

| NAME | DESCRIPTION | INCLUDES | STACK LICENSING |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| AT-FL-x950-01 | 950 Premium license | ▶ OSPF¹ (16,000 routes) ▶ BGP4¹ (5,000 routes) ▶ PIMv4-SM, DM and SSM (2,000 entries) ▶ VLAN double tagging (Q-in-Q) ▶ RIPng (5,000 routes) ▶ OSPFv3 (8,000 routes) ▶ BGP4+ (5,000 routes) ▶ MLDv1 and v2 ▶ PIMv6-SM and SSM (1,000 entries) ▶ VRF lite (64 domains) ▶ RADIUS Full ▶ UDLD ▶ VLAN Translation | ➤ One license per stack member |
| AT-FL-x950-AM40-1YR | AMF Master license | ► AMF Master 40 nodes for 1 year | One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-AM40-5YR | AMF Master license | ► AMF Master 40 nodes for 5 years | One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-AM80-1YR | AMF Master license | ► AMF Master 80 nodes for 1 year | One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-AM80-5YR | AMF Master license | ► AMF Master 80 nodes for 5 years | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-AM120-1YR | AMF Master license | ► AMF Master 120 nodes for 1 year | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-AM120-5YR | AMF Master license | ► AMF Master 120 nodes for 5 years | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-AM180-1YR | AMF Master license | ► AMF Master 180 nodes for 1 year | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-AM180-5YR | AMF Master license | ► AMF Master 180 nodes for 5 years | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-AAP-1YR | AMF Application Proxy license | ► AMF Application Proxy license for 1 year | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-AAP-5YR | AMF Application Proxy license | ► AMF Application Proxy license for 5 years | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-0F13-1YR | OpenFlow license | ► OpenFlow v1.3 for 1 year | Not supported on a stack |
| AT-FL-x950-0F13-5YR | OpenFlow license | ► OpenFlow v1.3 for 5 years | Not supported on a stack |
| AT-FL-x950-8032 | ITU-T G.8032 license | ► G.8032 ring protection ► Ethernet CFM | One license per stack member |
| AT-FL-x950-MODB | Modbus license | ► Modbus for industrial applications | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-MSEC ² | MACSec license | ► Media Access Control Security | ► One license per stack member |
| AT-FL-x950-AWC40-1YR ³ | AWC license | ▶ Wireless Controller license for up to 40 access points for 1 year | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-AWC40-5YR ³ | AWC license | ▶ Wireless Controller license for up to 40 access points for 5 years | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-AWC80-1YR ³ | AWC license | ▶ Wireless Controller license for up to 80 access points for 1 year | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-AWC80-5YR ³ | AWC license | ▶ Wireless Controller license for up to 80 access points for 5 years | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-AWC120-1YR ³ | AWC license | ➤ Wireless Controller license for up to 120 access points for 1 year | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-AWC120-5YR3 | AWC license | ➤ Wireless Controller license for up to 120 access points for 5 years | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-AWC180-1YR ³ | AWC license | ▶ Wireless Controller license for up to 180 access points for 1 year | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-AWC180-5YR3 | AWC license | ▶ Wireless Controller license for up to 180 access points for 5 years | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-CB40-1YR⁴ | AWC-CB license | ▶ AWC-Channel Blanket license for up to 40 access points for 1 year | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-CB40-5YR4 | AWC-CB license | ▶ AWC-Channel Blanket license for up to 40 access points for 5 years | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-CB80-1YR4 | AWC-CB license | ► AWC-Channel Blanket license for up to 80 access points for 1 year | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-CB80-5YR4 | AWC-CB license | ► AWC-Channel Blanket license for up to 80 access points for 5 years | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-CB120-1YR4 | AWC-CB license | ► AWC-Channel Blanket license for up to 120 access points for 1 year | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-CB120-5YR4 | AWC-CB license | ► AWC-Channel Blanket license for up to 120 access points for 5 years | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-CB180-1YR4 | AWC-CB license | ► AWC-Channel Blanket license for up to 180 access points for 1 year | ► One license per stack |
| AT-FL-x950-CB180-5YR4 | AWC-CB license | ► AWC-Channel Blanket license for up to 180 access points for 5 years | ► One license per stack |

 ^{1 64} OSPF and BGP routes included in base license
 2 MACSec only operates on the XEM2-12XS expansion modules
 3 5 APs can be managed for free. Add an additional 40, 80, 120 or 180 APs with an AWC license
 4 Both an AWC-CB license and an AWC license are required for Channel Blanket to operate. This feature is supported by TQ5403 and TQ5403e

Ordering Information

AT-x950-28XSQ-B0v5,6

24-port 1/10G SFP/SFP+ stackable switch with 4 x 40G/100G QSFP+/QSFP28 ports, a XEM bay, and dual hotswap PSU and Fan bays

AT-x950-28XTQm-B0v5,6

24-port 1/2.5/5/10G copper stackable switch with 4 x 40G/100G QSFP+/QSFP28 ports, a XEM bay, and dual hotswap PSU and Fan bays

AT-FAN05-B0v5

Spare hot-swappable fan module

AT-PWR600-BXy^{5, 6, 7}

600W AC system power supply

AT-XEM2-8XSTm-B0y5

4 x 1/2.5/5/10G RJ45 ports and 4 x 1G/10G SFP+ ports

AT-XEM2-12XTm-B0y5

12 x 1/2.5/5/10G RJ45 ports

AT-XEM2-12XT-B0y5

12 x 100M/1G/10G RJ45 ports

AT-XEM2-12XS-B0y5

12 x 1G/10G SFP+ ports

AT-XEM2-4QS-B0v5

4 x 40G QSFP+ ports

AT-XEM2-1CQ-B0y5

1 x 100G QSFP28 port

Accessories

100G QSFP28 Modules

AT-QSFP28-SR4

100GSR 850nm short-haul up to 100 m with MMF

AT-QSFP28-LR4

100GLR 1310nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

AT-QSFP28-1CU

1 meter QSFP28 direct attach cable

AT-QSFP28-3CU

3 meter QSFP28 direct attach cable

40G QSFP+ Modules

AT-OSFP1CU

1 meter QSFP+ direct attach cable

AT-QSFP3CU

3 meter QSFP+ direct attach cable

AT-QSFPSR4

40GSR4 850 nm short-haul up to 150 m with MMF, MPO-12

AT-QSFPSR4LC

40GSR4 850 nm short-haul up to 150 m with MMF, LC

AT-QSFPLR4

40GLR4 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

AT-QSFPER4

40GER4 1310 nm long-haul, 40 km with SMF

AT-MTP12-1

1 meter MTP optical cable for AT-QSFPSR

AT-MTP12-5

5 meter MTP optical cable for AT-QSFPSR

Breakout Cables

For 4 x 10G connections

AT-QSFP-4SFP10G-3CU

QSFP to 4 x SFP+ breakout direct attach cable $(3\ m)$

AT-QSFP-4SFP10G-5CU

QSFP to 4 x SFP+ breakout direct attach cable (5 m)

10GbE SFP+ Modules

AT-SP10SR

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF

AT-SP10SR/I

10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10LRM

10GLRM 1310 nm short-haul, 220 m with MMF

AT-SP10LR

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

AT-SP10LR/I

10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10LR20/I

10GER 1310nm long-haul, 20 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10ER40/I

10GER 1310nm long-haul, 40 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10ZR80/I

10GER 1550nm long-haul, 80 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10T

10GBase-T 20 m copper8

10GbE SFP+ Cables

AT-SP10TW1

1 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SP10TW3

3 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SP10TW7

7 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

1000Mbps SFP Modules

AT-SPSX/I

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m industrial temperature

AT-SPTX

1000T 100 m copper

AT-SPSX

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m

AT-SPEX

1000X GbE multi-mode 1310nm fiber up to 2 km

AT-SPLX10

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPLX10/I

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km industrial temperature $\,$

AT-SPBD10-13

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km $\,$

AT-SPBD10-14

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km $\,$

AT-SPBD20-13/I

1000BX GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1550 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km $\,$

AT-SPBD20-14/I

1000BX GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km $\,$

AT-SPBD40-13/I

1000LX GbE single-mode Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 40 km, industrial temperature

AT-SPBD40-14/I

1000LX GbE single-mode Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 40 km, industrial temperature

AT-SPLX40

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 40 km $\,$

AT-SPZX80

1000ZX GbE single-mode 1550 nm fiber up to 80 km $\,$

AT-SPZX120/I

1000ZX GbE single-mode 1550 nm fiber up to 120 km industrial temperature

Allied Telesis

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alliedtelesis.com

⁵Where Oy = 01 for 1 year Net Cover support 05 for 5 years Net Cover support

⁶ Note that fans are included but NO power supplies ship with the base chassis, they must be ordered separately

Where x = 1y for AC power supply with US power cord 2y for AC power supply with no power cord 3y for AC power supply with UK power cord 4y for AC power supply with AU power cord 5y for AC power supply with EU power cord

⁸ Using Cat 6a/7 cabling