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# Switches | Product Information

# x220 Series

The Allied Telesis x220 Series are fully-managed high-performing Gigabit Layer 3 switches. Integrated security features, plus 28 SFP or 48 Gigabit copper ports, make them the ideal choice for long-distance fiber or high-density copper connectivity at the edge of the network.

#### **Overview**

The x220-28GS features 24 x 100/1000X SFP slots and 4 x 100/1000X SFP uplinks to provided extended reach at the network edge in distributed environments. Secure data transfer is ensured with Allied Telesis Active Fiber Monitoring (AFM) preventing data eavesdropping on all short and long-distance fiber links.

The x220-52GP/GT have 48 x 10/100/1000T RJ-45 copper ports and 4x 100/1000X SFP uplinks. The Power over Ethernet Plus (PoE+) model (52GP) is an ideal solution for connecting and remotely powering wireless access points, IP video surveillance cameras and IP phones.

A comprehensive feature-set provides an excellent access solution for today's networks, with high performance gigabit throughput.

#### Resilient

Allied Telesis Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing<sup>TM</sup>) enables distributed network segments to have resilient high-speed access to online resources and applications, and provides continuous traffic flow even during unscheduled outages.

#### Powerful network management

Meeting the increased management requirements of modern converged networks, Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework<sup>™</sup> (AMF) automates many everyday tasks including configuration management. The entire network can be managed as a single virtual device with powerful centralized management features. Growing the network can be accomplished with plug-and-play simplicity, and network node recovery is fully zero-touch. AMF secure mode increases network security with management traffic encryption, authorization and monitoring.

#### Secure

Network security is guaranteed, with powerful control over all traffic types, secure management options, and other multi-layered security features built right into the x220 Series.

Network Access Control (NAC) gives unprecedented control over user access to the network, successfully mitigating threats to network infrastructure.

The x220 Series use 802.1x portbased authentication, in partnership with standards-compliant dynamic VLAN assignment, to assess a user's adherence to network security policies and either grant access or offer remediation. Tri-authentication ensures the network is only accessed by known users and devices. Secure access is also available for guests.

Security from malicious network attacks is provided by a comprehensive range of features such as DHCP snooping, STP root guard, BPDU protection and access control lists. Each of these can be configured to perform a variety of actions upon detection of a suspected attack.

#### **Network protection**

Advanced storm protection features include bandwidth limiting, policybased storm protection and packet storm protection.

Network storms are often caused by cabling errors that result in a network loop. The x220 Series provides features to detect loops as soon as they are created. Loop detection and thrash







Allied Telesis

# **Key Features**

- ► Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework<sup>™</sup> (AMF)
- ► Active Fiber Monitoring
- AlliedWare Plus operating system
- ► EPSR<sup>™</sup> and G.8032 high-speed ring connectivity
- Management stacking
- Static routing and RIP
- ► DHCP snooping
- IEEE 802.1x/MAC/Web authentication support
- ▶ PoE+ supplies up to 30W per port
- ▶ PoE power budget of 740 Watts
- Continuous PoE

limiting take immediate action to prevent network storms.

#### Effortless management

The x220 Series runs the advanced AlliedWare Plus<sup>™</sup> fully featured operating system, delivering a rich feature set and an industry-standard Command Line Interface (CLI). This reduces training requirements and is consistent across all AlliedWare Plus devices, simplifying network management.

The web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI) is an easy-to-use and powerful management tool, with comprehensive monitoring facilities.



# Key Features

#### Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ (AMF)

- AMF is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Common tasks are automated or made so simple that the everyday running of a network can be achieved without the need for highly-trained, and expensive, network engineers. Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.
- AMF secure mode encrypts all AMF traffic, provides unit and user authorization, and monitors network access to greatly enhance network security.

## Active Fiber Monitoring (AFM)

AFM prevents eavesdropping on fiber communications by monitoring received optical power. If an intrusion is detected, the link can be automatically shut down, or an operator alert can be sent.

#### Power over Ethernet Plus (PoE+)

With PoE, a separate power connection to media endpoints such as IP phones and wireless access points is not necessary. PoE+ reduces costs and provides even greater flexibility, providing the capability to connect devices requiring more power (up to 30 Watts) such as pan, tilt and zoom security cameras.

#### **Continuous PoE**

Continuous PoE allows the switch to be restarted without affecting the supply of power to connected devices. Smart lighting, security cameras, and other PoE devices will continue to operate during a software upgrade on the switch.

# Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing<sup>™</sup>)

 EPSRing allows several x220 switches to form a protected ring capable of recovery within as little as 50ms. This feature is perfect for high availability in enterprise networks.

#### **G.8032 Ethernet Ring Protection**

- G.8032 provides standards-based high-speed ring protection, that can be deployed standalone, or interoperate with Allied Telesis EPSR.
- Ethernet Connectivity Fault Monitoring (CFM) proactively monitors links and VLANs, and provides alerts when a fault is detected.

#### Access Control Lists (ACLs)

The x220 Series features industry-standard access control functionality through ACLs. ACLs filter network traffic to control whether packets are forwarded or blocked at the port interface. This provides a powerful network security mechanism to select the types of traffic to be analyzed, forwarded, or influenced in some way. An example of this would be to provide traffic flow control.

#### **VLAN ACLs**

 Simplify access and traffic control across entire segments of the network. ACLs can be applied to a VLAN as well as a specific port.

#### Easy To Manage

- The AlliedWare Plus operating system incorporates an industry standard CLI, facilitating intuitive manageability.
- With three distinct modes, the CLI is very secure, and the use of SSHv2 encrypted and strongly authenticated remote login sessions ensures CLI access is not compromised.

#### Storm protection

Advanced packet storm control features protect the network from broadcast storms:

- Bandwidth limiting minimizes the effects of the storm by reducing the amount of flooding traffic.
- Policy-based storm protection is more powerful than bandwidth limiting. It restricts storm damage to within the storming VLAN, and it provides the flexibility to define the traffic rate that creates a broadcast storm. The action the device should take when it detects a storm can be configured, such as disabling the port from the VLAN or shutting the port down.
- Packet storm protection allows limits to be set on the broadcast reception rate, multicast frames and destination lookup failures. In addition, separate limits can be set to specify when the device will discard each of the different packet types.

#### Loop protection

- Thrash limiting, also known as Rapid MAC movement, detects and resolves network loops. It is highly user-configurable—from the rate of looping traffic to the type of action the switch should take when it detects a loop.
- With thrash limiting, the switch only detects a loop when a storm has occurred, which can potentially cause disruption to the network. To avoid this, loop detection works in conjunction with thrash limiting to send special packets, called Loop Detection Frames (LDF), that the switch listens for. If a port receives an LDF packet, one can choose to disable the port, disable the link, or send an SNMP trap.

#### Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) Root Guard

STP root guard designates which devices can assume the root bridge role in an STP network. This stops an undesirable device from taking over this role, where it could either compromise network performance or cause a security weakness.

# Bridge Protocol Data Unit (BPDU) protection

BPDU protection adds extra security to STP. It protects the spanning tree configuration by preventing malicious DoS attacks caused by spoofed BPDUs. If a BPDU packet is received on a protected port, the BPDU protection feature disables the port and alerts the network manager.

#### **Tri-authentication**

Authentication options on the x220 Series include alternatives to 802.1x port-based authentication, such as web authentication, to enable guest access and MAC authentication for end points that do not have an 802.1x supplicant. All three authentication methods— 802.1x, MAC-based and Web-based—can be enabled simultaneously on the same port, resulting in tri-authentication.

#### **TACACS+** Command Authorization

 Centralize control of which commands may be issued by a specific user of an AlliedWare Plus device. TACACS+ command authorization complements authentication and accounting services for a complete AAA solution.

#### **Optical DDM**

Most modern optical SFP/SFP+/XFP transceivers support Digital Diagnostics Monitoring (DDM) functions according to the specification SFF-8472. This enables real time monitoring of the various parameters of the transceiver, such as optical output power, temperature, laser bias current and transceiver supply voltage. Easy access to this information simplifies diagnosing problems with optical modules and fiber connections.

#### VLAN Mirroring (RSPAN)

VLAN mirroring allows traffic from a port on a remote switch to be analysed locally. Traffic being transmitted or received on the port is duplicated and sent across the network on a special VLAN.

#### Find Me

In busy server rooms comprised of a large number of equipment racks, it can be quite a job finding the correct switch quickly among many similar units. The "Find Me" feature is a simple visual way to quickly identify the desired physical switch for maintenance or other purposes, by causing its LEDs to flash in a specified pattern.

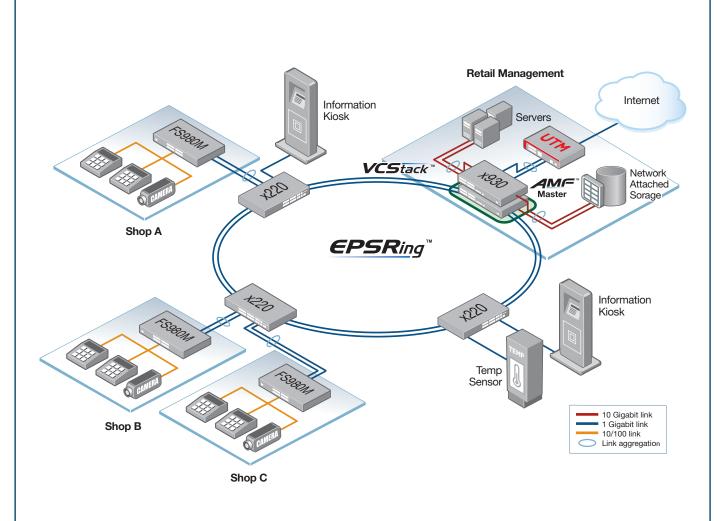
#### **IPv6 Support**

With the depletion of IPv4 address space, IPv6 is rapidly becoming a mandatory requirement for many government and enterprise customers. To meet this need, now and into the future, the x220 Series supports IPv6 forwarding in hardware and features MLD snooping for efficient use of network bandwidth.

#### sFlow

SFlow is an industry-standard technology for monitoring high-speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defense against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector ensure it always has a real-time view of network traffic.

# **Key Solutions**



# **Distributed retail network**

The growth of large retail shopping complexes, and open-air malls (as shown in the diagram above) have increased the need for high performing networks. The convergence of data from visitor information kiosks, monitoring sensors, security management, and point of sale systems requires a resilient solution.

The x220 Series supports Allied Telesis Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing) to ensure distributed network segments have high-speed access to online systems. Continuous traffic flow is enabled with failover in a little as 50ms in the case of an unscheduled device outage or link failure. With 28 SFP ports, the x220-28GS extends network reach to enable access connectivity right around the retail precinct, or similarly an education campus, manufacturing plant, or large distributed business. All fiber links are kept secure with Active Fiber Monitoring, which detects attempted data eavesdropping and protects against intrusion.

To simplify and automate network management, Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework automatically backs-up the entire network, and provides plug-and-play network growth and zerotouch unit replacement.

# **Key Solutions**

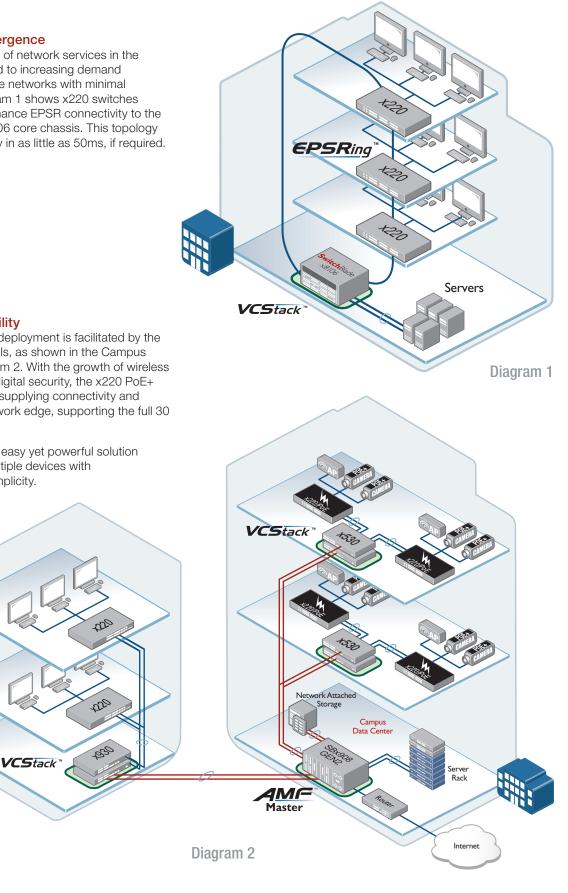
#### **Network convergence**

The convergence of network services in the Enterprise has led to increasing demand for highly available networks with minimal downtime. Diagram 1 shows x220 switches with high performance EPSR connectivity to the SwitchBlade x8106 core chassis. This topology provides recovery in as little as 50ms, if required.

## **Network flexibility**

Flexible network deployment is facilitated by the x220 PoE+ models, as shown in the Campus network in diagram 2. With the growth of wireless networking and digital security, the x220 PoE+ models are ideal supplying connectivity and power at the network edge, supporting the full 30 watts of PoE+.

AMF provides an easy yet powerful solution for managing multiple devices with plug-and-play simplicity.



10 Gigabit link 1 Gigabit link Link aggregation

## **Product Specifications**

PRODUCT	10/100/1000T COPPER PORTS	100/1000X SFP PORTS	TOTAL PORTS	POE+ ENABLED PORTS	SWITCHING Fabric	FORWARDING RATE
x220-28GS	-	28	28	-	56Gbps	41.7Mpps
x220-52GP	48	4	52	48	104Gbps	77.4Mpps
x220-52GT	48	4	52	-	104Gbps	77.4Mpps

#### Performance

- ▶ Up to 16K MAC addresses
- Routes: 16 (IPv4), 16 (IPv6)
- ► Up to 2K multicast entries
- ▶ 512MB DDR SDRAM
- ▶ 128MB flash memory
- ▶ 4094 configurable VLANs
- Packet Buffer memory: 1.5MB(28GS), 3MB(52GT)
- Supports 10KB jumbo frames
- Wirespeed forwarding

#### Reliability

- Modular AlliedWare Plus operating system
- Full environmental monitoring of PSU internal temperature and internal voltages. SNMP traps alert network managers in case of any failure

#### Flexibility and compatibility

 SFP ports will support any combination of 1000T, 100X, 100FX, 100BX, 1000X, 1000SX, 1000LX, 1000ZX or 1000ZX CWDM SFPs

#### **Diagnostic tools**

- Active Fiber Monitoring detects tampering on optical links
- ▶ Built-In Self Test (BIST)
- Find-me device locator
- Optical Digital Diagnostics Monitoring (DDM)
- Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown
- Ping polling for IPv4 and IPv6
- ▶ Port and VLAN mirroring (RSPAN)
- TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6

#### **IP** features

- ▶ IPv4 static routing and RIP
- DHCPv6 client
- ► Device management over IPv6 networks with
- SNMPv6, Telnetv6, SSHv6 and Syslogv6
- NTPv6 client and server

#### Management

NETWORK SMARTER

- Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF) enables powerful centralized management and zero-touch device installation and recovery
- Console management port on the front panel for ease of access
- Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power
- Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help
- Powerful CLI scripting engine with built-in text editor
- ► Web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices
- Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standardsbased device management
- Management stacking allows up to 24 devices to be managed from a single console

 Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events

#### Quality of Service (QoS)

- 8 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port
- Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps
- Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications
- Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers
- Policy-based storm protection
- ► Extensive remarking capabilities
- ▶ Taildrop for queue congestion control
- Strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling
- ► IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on layer 2, 3 and 4 headers

#### **Resiliency Features**

- Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic
- > Dynamic link failover (host attach)
- ► EPSRing (Ethernet Protection Switched Rings) with enhanced recovery for extra resiliency
- Loop protection: loop detection and thrash limiting
- PVST+ compatibility mode
- RRP snooping
- STP root guard

# Security Features

- Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and 4 headers, per VLAN or port
- ► Configurable ACLs for management traffic
- ► Auth-fail and guest VLANs
- Authentication, Authorization and Accounting (AAA)
- Bootloader can be password protected for device security
- BPDU protection
- DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)
- Dynamic VLAN assignment
- MAC address filtering and MAC address lock-down
- Network Access and Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security
- Port-based learn limits (intrusion detection)
- ▶ Private VLANs provide security and port isolation
- for multiple customers using the same VLAN
- Secure Copy (SCP)
- Strong password security and encryption
- Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and IEEE 802.1x

617-000639 RevH

► RADIUS group selection per VLAN or port

#### **Environmental specifications**

- Operating temperature range: 0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F)
   Derated by 1°C per 305 meters (1,000 ft)
- Storage temperature range:
  -25°C to 70°C (-13°F to 158°F)
- Operating relative humidity range: 5% to 90% non-condensing
- Storage relative humidity range: 5% to 95% non-condensing
- Operating altitude:
  3,048 meters maximum (10,000 ft)

#### **Electrical approvals and compliances**

- EMC: EN55022 class A, FCC class A, VCCI class A
- ► Immunity: EN55024, EN61000-3-levels 2 (Harmonics), and 3 (Flicker) – AC models only

#### Safety

- Standards: UL60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-03, EN60950-1, EN60825-1, AS/NZS 60950.1
- ► Certifications: UL, cUL, UL-EU

# Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Compliance

- EU RoHS compliant
- China RoHS compliant

## **Standards and Protocols**

#### AlliedWare Plus Operating System Version 5.5.0

# Cryptographic Algorithms

FIPS Approved Algorithms Encryption (Block Ciphers):

Block Cipher Modes:

CCM

CMAC

▶ GCM

► XTS

DSA

► RSA

SHA-1

▶ ECDSA

Secure Hashing:

Message Authentication:

Random Number Generation:

AES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)
 3DES (ECB, CBC, CFB and OFB Modes)

Digital Signatures & Asymmetric Key Generation:

SHA-2 (SHA-224, SHA-256, SHA-384. SHA-512)

x220 Series | 5

HMAC (SHA-1, SHA-2(224, 256, 384, 512)

DRBG (Hash, HMAC and Counter)

# x220 Series | Gigabit Edge Switches

# **Physical Specifications**

PRODUCT	WIDTH X DEPTH X HEIGHT	MOUNTING	WE	PACKAGED DIMENSIONS	
		MOONTING	UNPACKAGED	PACKAGED	FACKAGED DIMENSIONS
x220-28GS	441 x 323 x 44 mm (17.36 x 12.72 x 1.73 in)	1RU Rack-mount	4.3 kg (9.47 lbs)	6.1 kg (13.45 lbs)	575 x 445 x 150 mm (22.64 x 17.52 x 5.90 in)
x220-52GP	441 x 359 x 44 mm (17.36 x 14.13 x 1.73 in)	1RU Rack-mount	5.8 kg (12.79 lbs)	7.8 kg (17.20 lbs)	575 x 520 x 150 mm (22.64 x 20.47 x 5.90 in)
x220-52GT	441 x 323 x 44 mm (17.36 x 12.72 x 1.73 in)	1RU Rack-mount	4.5 kg (9.92 lbs)	6.4 kg (14.12 lbs)	575 x 445 x 150 mm (22.64 x 17.52 x 5.90 in)

## Power and Noise Characteristics

	NO POE LOAD			FULL POE+ LOAD (PWR800)			POE SOURCING PO		RCING PORTS
PRODUCT	MAX POWER Consumption	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	POE POWER BUDGET	P0E (15W)	P0E+ (30W)
x220-28GS	52W	179 BTU/h	39 dBA	-	-	-	-	-	-
x220-52GP	48W	164 BTU/h	42 dBA	909W	577 BTU/h	42 dBA	740W	48	24
x220-52GT	47W	160 BTU/h	39 dBA	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### Latency (microseconds)

PRODUCT	PORT SPEED					
PRODUCT	10MPS	100MBPS	1GBPS			
x220-28GS	39.6µs	6.8µs	3.8µs			
x220-52GP	35.1µs	5.5µs	2.6µs			
x220-52GT	35.1µs	5.5µs	2.6µs			

# Non FIPS Approved Algorithms RNG (AES128/192/256)

DES MD5

#### **Ethernet Standards**

IEEE 802.2	Logical Link Control (LLC)
IEEE 802.3	Ethernet
IEEE 802.3ab	1000BASE-T
IEEE 802.3af	Power over Ethernet (PoE)
IEEE 802.3at	Power over Ethernet (PoE+)
IEEE 802.3u	100BASE-X
IEEE 802.3x	Flow control - full-duplex operation
IEEE 802.3z	1000BASE-X

#### **IPv4 Features**

RFC 768	User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
RFC 791	Internet Protocol (IP)
RFC 792	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)
RFC 793	Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
RFC 826	Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)
RFC 894	Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams
	over Ethernet networks
RFC 919	Broadcasting Internet datagrams
RFC 922	Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the
	presence of subnets
RFC 932	Subnetwork addressing scheme
RFC 950	Internet standard subnetting procedure
RFC 1042	Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams
	over IEEE 802 networks
RFC 1071	Computing the Internet checksum
RFC 1122	Internet host requirements
RFC 1191	Path MTU discovery
RFC 1518	An architecture for IP address allocation with
	CIDR
RFC 1519	Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)
RFC 1812	Requirements for IPv4 routers
RFC 1918	IP addressing
RFC 2581	TCP congestion control

## **IPv6** Features

RFC 1981	Path MTU discovery for IPv6
RFC 2460	IPv6 specification
RFC 2464	Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks

RFC 2711	IPv6 router alert option
RFC 3484	Default address selection for IPv6
RFC 3587	IPv6 global unicast address format
RFC 3596	DNS extensions to support IPv6
RFC 4007	IPv6 scoped address architecture
RFC 4193	Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses
RFC 4213	Transition mechanisms for IPv6 hosts and
	routers
RFC 4291	IPv6 addressing architecture
RFC 4443	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6)
RFC 4861	Neighbor discovery for IPv6
RFC 4862	IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration
	(SLAAC)
RFC 5014	IPv6 socket API for source address selection
RFC 5095	Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6
RFC 5175	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option
RFC 6105	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard

#### Management

Management				
AT Enterprise MIB including AMF MIB and SNMP traps				
Optical DDM MIB				
SNMPv1, v2c and v3				
IEEE 802.1ABLink Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)				
RFC 1155	Structure and identification of management information for TCP/IP-based Internets			
RFC 1157	Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)			
RFC 1212	Concise MIB definitions			
RFC 1212	MIB for network management of TCP/IP-based			
111 0 1210	Internets: MIB-II			
RFC 1215	Convention for defining traps for use with the			
111 0 1213	SNMP			
RFC 1227	SNMP MUX protocol and MIB			
RFC 1239	Standard MIB			
RFC 1724	RIPv2 MIB extension			
RFC 2578	Structure of Management Information v2			
	(SMIv2)			
RFC 2579	Textual conventions for SMIv2			
RFC 2580	Conformance statements for SMIv2			
RFC 2674	Definitions of managed objects for bridges			
	with traffic classes, multicast filtering and			
	VLAN extensions			
RFC 2741	Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol			
RFC 2819	RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9)			
RFC 2863	Interfaces group MIB			
RFC 3176	sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in			
	switched and routed networks			
RFC 3411	An architecture for describing SNMP			
	management frameworks			
RFC 3412	Message processing and dispatching for the			
	SNMP			
RFC 3413	SNMP applications			
RFC 3414	User-based Security Model (USM) for			
	SNMPv3			
RFC 3415	View-based Access Control Model (VACM)			
	for SNMP			

Noise: tested to IS07779; front bystander position

RFC 3416	Version 2 of the protocol operations for the SNMP
RFC 3417	Transport mappings for the SNMP
RFC 3418	MIB for SNMP
RFC 3621	Power over Ethernet (PoE) MIB
RFC 3635	Definitions of managed objects for the
	Ethernet-like interface types
RFC 3636	IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB
RFC 4022	MIB for the Transmission Control Protocol
	(TCP)
RFC 4113	MIB for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
RFC 4188	Definitions of managed objects for bridges
RFC 4292	IP forwarding table MIB
RFC 4293	MIB for the Internet Protocol (IP)
RFC 4318	Definitions of managed objects for bridges
	with RSTP
RFC 4560	Definitions of managed objects for remote
	ping, traceroute and lookup operations
RFC 5424	Syslog protocol

#### **Multicast Support**

IGMP query solicitation			
IGMP snoopi	IGMP snooping (IGMPv1, v2 and v3)		
IGMP snoopi	ing fast-leave		
MLD snoopir	ng (MLDv1 and v2)		
RFC 2236	Internet Group Management Protocol v2		
	(IGMPv2)		
RFC 2715	Interoperability rules for multicast routing		
	protocols		
RFC 3306	Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast		
	addresses		
RFC 4541	IGMP and MLD snooping switches		
Quality of Carvina (QaS)			

#### Quality of Service (QoS)

IEEE 802.1p	Priority tagging
RFC 2211	Specification of the controlled-load network
	element service
RFC 2474	DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port
RFC 2475	DiffServ architecture
RFC 2597	DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF)
RFC 2697	A single-rate three-color marker
RFC 2698	A two-rate three-color marker
RFC 3246	DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)

#### **Resiliency Features**

ITU-T G.8023 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection	
Switching (ERPS)	
IEEE 802.1ag CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP)	
IEEE 802.1AXLink aggregation (static and LACP)	
IEEE 802.1D MAC bridges	
IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MST	P)
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)	

IEEE 802.3ad Static and dynamic link aggregation

# x220 Series | Gigabit Edge Switches

Routing	Information Protocol (RIP)
DEC 1059	Pouting Information Protocol (PIP)

RFC 1058	Routing information Protocol (RIP)
RFC 2082	RIP-2 MD5 authentication
RFC 2453	RIPv2

#### **Security Features**

SSH remote login SSLv2 and SSLv3 TACACS+ Accounting, Authentication and Authorisation (AAA) IEEE 802.1X authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5) IEEE 802.1X multi-supplicant authentication IEEE 802.1X port-based network access control RFC 2560 X.509 Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) RFC 2818 HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS") RFC 2865 **BADIUS** authentication BEC 2866 RADIUS accounting RFC 2868 RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support RFC 2986 PKCS #10: certification request syntax specification v1.7 RFC 3546 Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions RFC 3579 RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) RFC 3580 IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines RFC 3748 PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) BEC 4251 Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture BEC 4252 Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol RFC 4253 Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol RFC 4254 Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol RFC 5246 Transport Layer Security (TLS) v1.2 X.509 certificate and Certificate Revocation RFC 5280 List (CRL) profile RFC 5425 Transport Layer Security (TLS) transport mapping for Syslog RFC 5656 Elliptic curve algorithm integration for SSH RFC 6125 Domain-based application service identity within PKI using X.509 certificates with TLS RFC 6614 Transport Layer Security (TLS) encryption for RADIUS RFC 6668 SHA-2 data integrity verification for SSH Services Telnet protocol specification

#### RFC 854

RFC 855	Telnet option specifications
RFC 857	Telnet echo option
RFC 858	Telnet suppress go ahead option
RFC 1091	Telnet terminal-type option
RFC 1350	Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)
RFC 1985	SMTP service extension
RFC 2049	MIME
RFC 2131	DHCPv4 client
RFC 2616	HyperText Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1
RFC 2821	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
RFC 2822	Internet message format
RFC 3315	DHCPv6 client
RFC 4330	Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP)
	version 4
RFC 5905	Network Time Protocol (NTP) version

#### VLAN support

IEEE 802.1Q Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges IEEE 802.1v VLAN classification by protocol and port IEEE 802.3ac VLAN tagging

#### Voice over IP

LLDP-MED ANSI/TIA-1057 Voice VLAN

#### Feature Licenses

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES
AT-FL-x220-8032	ITU-T G.8032 license	<ul><li>G.8032 ring protection</li><li>Ethernet CFM</li></ul>
AT-FL-x220-CP0E	Continuous PoE license	► Continuous PoE power for x220-52GP only

#### **Ordering Information**

19 inch rack-mount brackets included

#### AT-x220-28GS-xx 28-port 100/1000X SFP switch

AT-x220-52GP-xx 48-port 10/100/1000T-POE+ switch with 4 SFP uplink ports and single fixed PSU

AT-x220-52GT-xx 48-port 10/100/1000T switch with 4 SFP uplink ports and single fixed PSU

Where xx =	10 for US power cord
	20 for no power cord
	30 for UK power cord
	40 for Australian power cord
	50 for European power cord

#### SFP modules

#### AT-SPFX/2

100FX multi-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 2 km

#### AT-SPFX/15

100FX single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 15 km

AT-SPFXBD-LC-13 100BX Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1550 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPEXBD-LC-15 100BX Bi-Di (1550 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPTX 1000T 100 m copper

AT-SPSX<sup>1</sup> 1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m AT-SPSX/I

1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m industrial temperature

#### AT-SPEX

1000X GbE multi-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 2 km

#### AT-SPLX10

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km

#### AT-SPLXI0/I

1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km industrial temperature

#### AT-SPBDI0-13

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

#### AT-SPBDI0-14

1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPLX40 1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 40 km

#### AT-SPZX80

1000ZX GbE single-mode 1550 nm fiber up to 80 km

#### AT-SPBD20-13/l<sup>2</sup>

1000BX GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1550 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km

#### AT-SPBD20-14/I<sup>2</sup>

1000BX GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 20 km

AT-SPBD40-13/I 1000LX GbE single-mode Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 40 km, industrial temperature

#### AT-SPBD40-14/I

1000LX GbE single-mode Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 40 km, industrial temperature

<sup>1</sup>The tri-speed AT-SPSX only supports Gigabit connectivity in the x220-28GS <sup>2</sup> Only supported in the x220-28GS

# Allied Telesis

## **NETWORK SMARTER**

North America Headquarters | 19800 North Creek Parkway | Suite 100 | Bothell | WA 98011 | USA | T: +1 800 424 4284 | F: +1 425 481 3895 Asia-Pacific Headquarters | 11 Tai Seng Link | Singapore | 534182 | T: +65 6383 3832 | F: +65 6383 3830 EMEA & CSA Operations | Incheonweg 7 | 1437 EK Rozenburg | The Netherlands | T: +31 20 7950020 | F: +31 20 7950021

#### alliedtelesis.com

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